

Strategy	Value For Money (VFM) Strategy 2025-30
Effective Date:	September 2025
Date of Review:	September 2025
Supersedes:	All previous policies and/or statements
Approved by:	Board

### 1.0 Executive summary

- **1.1** Achieving VFM is important to Tuntum and, is integrated into our corporate and operational plans see section 3.
- **1.2** Achieving VFM is not just about saving money but also about delivering our objectives effectively see section 4.
- **1.3** We successfully raise grant monies from charitable grant sources to enhance services to our customers.
- **1.4** Our costs are comparable with other social registered providers see section 7.
- **1.5** We continue to assess our homes' values and maximise returns see section 9.
- **1.6** We are planning to make further efficiencies see section 10.
- **1.7** Throughout the year, the board and executive team will monitor our performance against the VFM metrics and KPIs see section 11 and Appendix 3.
- **1.8** The strategy will be presented to the tenant's that we have on our database and the staff for comments.

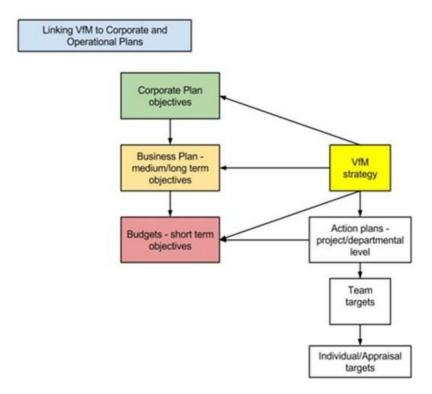
### 2.0 Introduction and background

- **2.1** We are a Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) led social housing business registered with the Housing Corporation in 1988. We are the only independent housing association of our kind in the East Midlands. Our principal activities aim to benefit the community by developing and managing housing for people in need and by providing specialist facilities, services and amenities.
- **2.2** Our mission is to be a dynamic, community-based housing association, passionate about building brighter futures and empowering people in sustainable multi-cultural neighbourhoods.
- 2.3 We serve a range of different population groups and provide homes and services for families and single people; we have our Erewash scheme for young mothers and our three sheltered schemes for older people. In addition, we provide homes and services for families, refugees, homeless and vulnerable young women, homeless young people, ex-offenders and women fleeing domestic violence. We also provide mental health services in a residential scheme.



### 3.0 Integrating VFM into Tuntum's strategic objectives

- **3.1** Achieving VFM is integral to Tuntum's six corporate priorities, which are:
- Our Customers
- Our People & Culture
- Our Homes
- Our Data and Digital Infrastructure
- Our Communities
- Our Financial Viability and Governance
- **3.2** As outlined in the diagram below, VFM is directly linked to Tuntum's strategic objectives. It allows us to maximise our available resources and to achieve our vision of being a strong, forward-thinking regional housing association with our heart in the community.



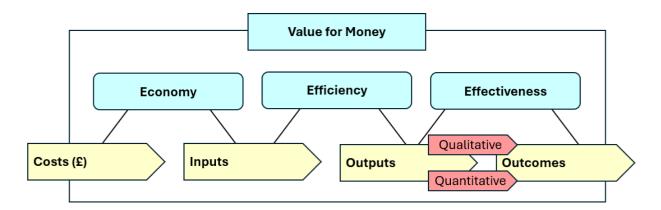
- **3.3** Our VFM strategy underpins our Corporate Strategy and Business Plan. The VFM strategy is supported by a delivery plan with clear VFM metrics as targets, which are scrutinised quarterly by the Audit and Risk Committee and reviewed by the Board.
- 3.4 A key factor in delivering our VFM strategy is effective control and discipline around financial planning, budgetary control and our investment and contracting decision-making process. Tuntum has a set of key controls, and appraisal and reporting mechanisms. This enables effective planning, management and reporting on Tuntum's financial position so that we can robustly appraise new development projects and initiatives, ensuring that they meet the organisation's objectives and ensure that optimal benefit is derived from our resources and assets.



#### 4.0 What does VFM mean to Tuntum?

- **4.1** VFM is achieved when there is a balance between low costs, high productivity, performance and successful outcomes traditionally it is expressed as the relationship between:
  - **Economy:** minimising cost and resources (cost) this is the price paid for what goes into providing a service, for example, the salary cost of employees, material costs, office rent, vehicle costs, etc.
  - **Efficiency:** doing things in the most economical way (performance) this is a measure of productivity, primarily associated with the process and delivery of procurement
  - **Effectiveness:** doing the "right" things for the service being provided (quality) this is a measure of the impact achieved, primarily associated with the outcomes for customers.

The traditional definition of VFM is demonstrated in the diagram below:



- 4.2 Our primary focus is simple to support and empower our customers to improve their lives. Tuntum is strongly committed to delivering VFM across every part of the business. We firmly believe it is about much more than just saving money; it is about ensuring we get the most from our resources, looking for creative and innovative ways of becoming more efficient and generating new value from our assets. By accomplishing this, we can rest assured that we are providing the best possible services in an open and transparent manner. It also means we can continue to develop innovative additional services, specifically tailored for our customers with specific needs.
- **4.3** However, cost and efficiency are not the only drivers in the social housing sector. For Tuntum, VFM is important as it means ensuring that we operate efficiently and effectively, maximising the services we offer to our current and future residents and communities, and achieving our **social objectives.** For example,
  - August 2024 marked the 25<sup>th</sup> year that Tuntum Housing Association have been a lead sponsor and contributor to the Nottingham carnival. A highlight in the community calendar and aligned with our social purpose, it provides the community with a unique opportunity to celebrate the Caribbean culture and fosters inclusivity. Typically, the event attracts around 8000 visitors. In June 2024 the Nottingham Carnival Community Interest Company (CIC) was established and Tuntum continues to provide support to the event.



- We are proud that we continue to retain the services of local/ community based predominately BME led contractors to deliver our repairs and maintenance service; thereby boosting the local economy.
- In 2020 from Comic Relief: £418,410 over three years for our mental health support project, Headwize. This work concluded in July 2024.
- We are currently undertaking a review of our supported housing services, a
  percentage of which have support services delivered by Tuntum Housing staff and
  funded through intensive housing management. We are currently reviewing our offer in
  this area and looking to ensure that we capture more effectively our qualitative
  outcomes from these essential services.

#### 4.4 VFM is the key to us achieving our objectives.

4.5 It is the Board's role to ensure that the organisation optimises economic efficiency and effectiveness in the delivery of the strategic objectives and the executive's role is to implement it. Achieving VFM is vital to ensure that during economic pressure for our customers, the organisation continues to spend its money in the best way to deliver the best outcomes.

#### 5.0 How VFM is monitored by the Board

- **5.1** We have a governance and operational structure that ensures VFM savings are successfully delivered. The structure in place is outlined below:
- The Tuntum Board has the ultimate responsibility to ensure delivery of VFM
- The Audit and Risk Committee monitors the VFM metrics on behalf of the Board. These are reported quarterly to the committee
- Value for Money is a standing item on the Senior Management Teams (SMT) agenda. SMT members will also have VFM as an agenda item to discuss as part of their respective team meetings. Any ideas from there will be brought to the SMT meetings and will be discussed/taken forward as appropriate. The lead officer for VFM is the Director of Resources & Risk. Our main aim is to embed VFM in our day-to-day processes, with the SMT leading on the delivery of our value for money agenda which is supported by our Corporate Strategy and plan.
- **5.2** All staff at Tuntum have a role to play in seeking and achieving VFM for the organisation and all have a Value for Money mandatory objective. We also actively encourage suggestions for further VFM measures from all members of staff to their departmental head at their team meetings as well as from customers. In September 2024 we are launching our new Brighter Ideas VFM suggestions channel.

# 6.0 The Value for Money Standard

- 6.1 The Regulator of Social Housing has outlined what it expects Registered Providers to deliver in relation to VFM in its 'VFM Standard 2018'. The Regulator also publishes a Code of Practice, which is designed to amplify the requirements in the Value for Money Standard. It aims to help registered providers understand what the regulator is looking for when seeking assurance on compliance with the Standard.
- **6.2** In summary, the key points in the regulators VFM Code of Practice and VFM metrics and examples of how they are implemented are as follows:
- Strategic objectives that have VFM embedded or a standalone VFM strategy



- We operate a standalone VFM strategy but also all reports to the Board require reference to the VFM strategy.
- Registered Providers (RPs) objectives for delivering new homes
  - Regularly reviewed development strategy.
  - Corporate and business plans.
- Achieving "optimum" economy, efficiency and effectiveness
  - Financial and other KPIs.
  - Business Plan projections.
  - VFM metrics.
  - Key financial tolerances.
- Optimise the financial returns from assets and understanding the returns from all the assets owned
  - Annual budget and financial reports.
  - Repairs and planned maintenance programme.
  - Operational KPIs.
  - Return on capital employed.
  - Property disposal strategy.
- Does the RP's approach to remuneration and employment costs represent the optimal use of resources?
  - HR Strategy.
  - Reviewing staffing structures.
  - Benchmarking of salaries against similar employers before jobs are advertised.
  - Independent consultant on Board remuneration.
  - VFM needs to be considered at both the strategic and operational levels.
  - VFM is reviewed by SMT and Board.
- That you understand your costs and peer group costs
  - VFM metrics compared with other housing associations in peer group.
- You have robust decision-making based upon rigorous appraisals
  - Rigorous budget setting process.
  - Scheme development approval process.
  - Role of Risk Assessment Panel (RAP) in assessing financial and other risks.
- The following should be reviewed regularly:
  - Corporate structure (partnerships/merger).
  - Strategy on approach to mergers (2023).



- Development partnerships.
- Procurement
  - Participation with Efficiency East Midlands (EEM).
  - Diverse business streams.
  - Corporate objectives.
  - Partnership arrangements.
  - Financial regulations and procedures.
- Development partnerships NCHA
  - We have defined our geographic areas of operation as being no further than 60 minutes drive from our offices in New Basford.
- Corporate Plan
  - Corporate Action Plan for the year
- **6.3** Annually, we must publish financial statements that enable stakeholders to understand our:

Performance against our VFM targets plus those metrics set out by the regulator, and how that performance compares to peers. The VFM metrics defined by the regulator cover the following:

- 1) Re-investment
- 2a) New supply of social housing
- 2b) New supply of non-social housing
- 3) Gearing
- 4) Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)
- 5) Headline Cost Per unit (CPU)
- 6a) Operating margin (social lettings)
- 6b) Operating margin (all)
- 7) Return on capital
- 8) Any plans to improve performance

#### 7.0 Cost comparisons

See Appendix 1 for details of our peer group and Appendix 3 for our VFM metrics for 2024/25 and beyond.

- **7.1** A key requirement of the VFM Standard is that an organisation understands the costs and outcomes of delivering specific services, which underlying factors influence these costs, and how they do so.
- **7.2** Our budgets are produced annually to a tight timetable, and all budget headings are examined in detail with reference to the available external cost comparators.
- **7.3** The diagrams below show our unit costs for 2023/24 plus a comparison of our 2023/24 costs with a selected peer group, all housing association costs and the sector median. The charts



also show our draft costs for 24-25 together with the costs projected over the next five years as part of Business Plan projections (see appendix one for details of the peer group). The peer group has been selected using most of the following criteria:

- Member of BME National
- Operating outside of London
- Mix of specialist and general needs housing
- Similar size
- 7.4 Overall, the bar charts detailed over the next few pages show that our costs are comparable with other social housing providers. The factors affecting Tuntum's cost base are explained beneath the bar charts. The forecasted costs also indicate that we are very close to our target of aligning with the sector median costs which are currently shown at 2023/24 levels due to lack of available up to date data

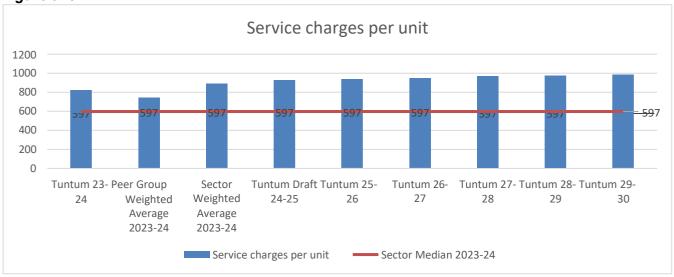




Tuntum's management costs are lower than the peer group and the sectors median benchmark rate for 2023-24. In 2024-25 the association costs were higher due an increase in staffing costs to meet the requirements of the organisation to deliver an efficient governance service and investment in customer facing services to meet the requirements of the new consumer standards. Overheads costs also increased by higher than inflation particularly the cost of insurance which increased by circa 20%. The association is facing comprehensive challenges especially in remuneration offered to new attract staff. Over time we are hoping to achieve VFM through increasing units and review of our services.

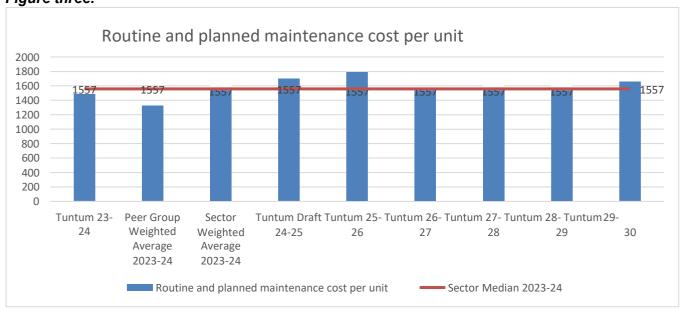


#### Figure two:



Recent high energy and staffing costs have had an impact on our service charges increase from previous year 23-24. Our service charges are higher than our peer group and the sector median because of the associations stock portfolio which is 13% supported housing where the schemes provide highly intensive housing management and the service charges are typically higher,

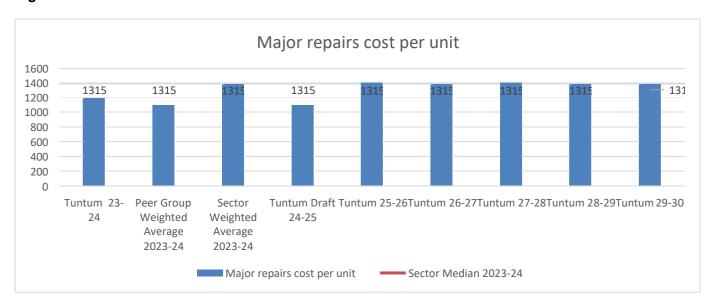
## Figure three:



Our maintenance costs for 2024-25 are higher than our peer group's average and in line with the sectors median benchmark cost figure of 2022-23. The costs for 2024-25 are higher, which reflects higher inflationary pressures on costs and extra pressure on our budgets due to carrying out damp and moulid works, disrepair cases and more demand for repairs. We see this trend continuing in the future. Our costs for 2025-26 includes one off works related to Fire Risk assessments and fire door repairs and replacements amounting to £410k We plan to see an increase in costs per unit to reflect the ageing of our properties as time goes by, especially due to the older stock the association holds.



### Figure four:



Our stock condition database is constantly updated, and we use this information to program our major works. This is reflective of our age profile of the properties. We also see an increase in our cost per unit to reflect the cost of EPC upgrades to our properties that fall below EPC band C rating over the next 5 years.

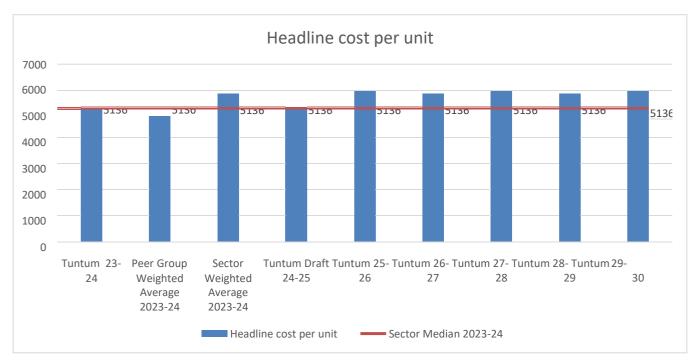
### Figure five:



We do not have many other housing-related costs that are not included in our management costs and service charges. These relate to payments that we make to other landlords on whose behalf we manage some properties and support charges that we incur on a scheme that provides support to people with mental health challenges.



## Figure six:



Overall Tuntum's 2024/25 Cost per Unit (CPU) is above the peer group average and the median for 2023-24 for the sector. The costs in comparison to our peers would be about the same as there are other housing costs included in our peer's costs, which skew their figures. The plan to invest over the next 5 years on EPC and de-carbonisation works is reflected in our costs and thus, we are above the median overall housing cost per unit. Higher management and Maintenance costs plus the costs of De-carbonisation has increased our costs in 2024-25 and the projected costs over the next 5 years.

#### 8.0 Our Social Value Strategy

8.1 We are committed to delivering social value through our housing and our non-housing activities. We have a target to achieve up to 10% of our turnover in 'added' social value for non-housing activities using the HACT Social Value Calculator. The social value as calculated by the HACT calculator was 39% or £4,259k for the year to March 2025. This high figure reflects our work with some of the most marginalised sections of the community, including those with enduring and significant mental health issues, refugees and our continued lead role with the Nottingham Carnival.

#### 9.0 Returns from our assets

- 9.1 We believe that understanding our asset performance is vital to assessing the viability of our properties and Business Plan. Overall, the Association is generating a return on capital employed of 2.6% (a surplus of 2.6% based on the values of our net housing costs) for the year to March 2023. This indicates a positive Net Present Value (NPV) return on our assets.
- **9.2** Based upon our work in 2017/18, all our stock showed a positive NPV. As expected, the Supported Housing management costs are higher due to the more intensive support provided. However, this service provides greater social value. As part of the voids process, we are reviewing the potential return on these properties that are becoming vacant and available for letting using the criteria of financial investment required, the amount of annual spend on the properties, the demand for the property historically and going forward.



- 9.3 We have increased the number of major works for kitchen, bathroom and window and door replacements as per our Asset Management Strategy. This will improve the overall condition of our assets. During the year 2024/25 we re-invested £1,777k in our assets. During the next five years, we intend to invest £7,700k in our assets, on planned replacement works and £2,166k on improving the EPC rating of our properties that are below the C banding. We have an annual program of carrying out rolling stock condition surveys on 20% of our properties. We believe that the better the intelligence we have about our assets, the better the investment decisions that can be made.
- 9.4 We are setting a target to achieve a spend profile of planned maintenance to responsive maintenance of 70:30 by the end of 25/26. We will achieve this by gathering better intelligence on our properties through our planned inspection of properties via the stock condition surveys and also analysing the spend per property to enable us to pick out the properties that require more planned works.



# 10.0 Our future action plans

VFM Actions	25-26	26-27	27-28	28-29	<u>29-30</u>
BUSINESS PLAN TARGETS					
Develop 90 new properties	24	24	12	20	20
Invest £3,4M over the next five years on works to improve the EPC to at least C of all	£760k	£751k	£809k	£489k	£583k
of our properties that fall below the C rating	2700K	LIOIR	2005K	2403K	2000K
Invest £7.7M towards investments in our existing properties over the next five years.	£1.62m	£1.5M	£1.62M	£1.65m	£1.74M
STOCK RATIONALISATION AND ASSET MANAGEMENT	-	_	_	-	-
Look to explore infill/ stock-swap opportunities with other RPs within the Nottingham area.			£10k	£10k	£10k
As part of the Voids process, we will review the potential return on these properties that are becoming vacant and available for letting using the criteria of financial investment required, the amount of annual spend on the properties, the demand for the property historically and going forward.	*	*	*	*	*
Implement the recommendations from the Value for Money Asset Management review		£15k	£15k	£15k	£15k
SERVICE REVIEWS					
Review the structure of our Housing Services department		£15K	£15K	£15K	£15K
Review our management agreements with Riverside and Nottingham City Council					
PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENTS					
Increase customer satisfaction on repairs to 90% over the next five years	75	78	81	85	90
Create a Brighter Ideas channel for staff to report potential efficiencies	*	£10k	£10k	£10k	£10k
Improve void loss budget annually	0	£25k	£25k	£25k	£25k
Improve bad debts budget annually	£30k	£30k	£30k	£30k	£30k
OTHER VFM INITIATIVES					
Rollout mobile tablets by 31st March 2025	£10k	£10k	£10k	£10k	£10k
More efficient cost of staff recruitment	*	£5k	£5k	£5k	£5k
Achieve annual management costs efficiencies	£20k	£20k	£20k	£20k	£20k

# 11.0 Tuntum's tailored VFM performance indicators

**11.1** In addition to monitoring the Regulator of Social Housing (RSH) VFM metrics, the Board and the committees also monitor the key performance indicator targets that are set annually to ensure that we are operating within agreed plans and targets set.



**11.2** The measures will be monitored quarterly by the Board, committees and the Audit and Risk Committee. Any significant variances will be highlighted to the Board and corrective action will be outlined.

#### 12.0 Consultation

To implement this strategy, we will be consulting with the:

- Board
- Tenant Scrutiny Panel, and the results will be published on the Association's website for everyone to read
- Staff

# 13.0 Related policies and references

- Asset Management Strategy
- Financial Regulations
- Social Value Strategy
- Performance Framework
- ☐ Global Accounts 2024
- Risk Management Framework

### 14.0 Conclusion

- **14.1** We aim to deliver our objectives in a cost-effective and quality-focused way. We do this by:
- Having clear strategic objectives which are understood by our staff
- Having robust business planning processes with organisational priorities that are cascaded to teams and individuals
- Performance management and scrutiny processes which drive VFM and continuous improvement
- Understanding the relationships between costs and the quality of our products are services
- Having VFM embedded in all areas of the business via staff training, induction, appraisal and performance management, budgeting, procurement, governance, business planning and customer engagement and scrutiny.
- **14.2** The adoption of this VFM strategy and the implementation of the action plans outlined in this document will allow Tuntum to meet both its business needs and the regulatory requirements.
- **14.3** Because of the importance of VFM to Tuntum this strategy will be reviewed annually.



Appendix one: Tuntum Peer Group Comparison – 2023-24

RP Name	FYE	Metric 1 - Reinvestment	Metric 2 (a) - New Supply (Social)	Metric 3 -Gearing	Metric 4 - EBITDA MRI Interest Rate Cover	Metric 5 - Headline Social Housing Cost per unit	Metric 6 (a) - Operating Margin (SHL)	Metric 6 (b) - Operating Margin (Overall)	Metric 7 - ROCE
Arawak Walton Housing Association	31/03/2024	2.5%	0.1%	43.1%	132.6%	£4,599	15.1%	15.0%	2.6%
Manningham Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	2.0%	0.4%	43.6%	141.0%	£4,441	29.2%	26.9%	2.5%
Nehemiah United Churches Housing	31/03/2024	1.2%	0.0%	37.5%	162.2%	£4,828	29.5%	30.2%	3.1%
Tuntum Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	4.8%	0.8%	57.7%	100.5%	£4,942	25.9%	25.0%	2.6%
Unity Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	1.8%	0.0%	20.7%	186.4%	£4,577	20.4%	17.3%	2.0%
Warrington Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	4.6%	0.3%	11.9%	244.7%	£5,376	28.3%	20.5%	3.3%

RP Name	FYE	Management CPU	Service charge CPU	Maintenance CPU	Major repairs CPU	Other CPU	Headline CPU
Arawak Walton Housing Association	31/03/2024	£1,407	£669	£1,410	£1,039	£73	£4,599
Manningham Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	£1,864	£219	£1,359	£782	£218	£4,441
Nehemiah United Churches Housing	31/03/2024	£1,035	£1,413	£1,450	£818	£111	£4,828
Tuntum Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	£1,272	£924	£1,483	£1,198	£65	£4,942
Unity Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	£1,790	£331	£1,308	£965	£184	£4,577
Warrington Housing Association Limited	31/03/2024	£774	£951	£924	£1,685	£1,043	£5,376





Appendix two: VFM metrics

				Tuntum Business Plan Projections 202 2029				
RSH SCORECARD METRIC	Sector Median 2023-24	Peer Group Weighted Average 2023-24	Tuntum Draft 24-25	25-26	26-27	27-28	28-29	29-30
Forecasted new			13	24	24	12	20	20
units Cost per unit	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Management cost per unit	1,274	1,365	1,425	1,506	1,534	1,567	1,584	1,601
Routine and planned maintenance cost per unit	1,557	1,326	1,703	1,794	1,581	1,623	1,640	1,659
Major repairs cost per unit	1,315	1,083	1,098	1,449	1,358	1,455	1,263	1,359
Service charges per unit	597	744	927	935	949	968	976	985
Other costs per unit (Lease charges and support costs)	249	278	194	211	214	218	220	223
Total cost per unit	4,586	4,252	5,347	5,894	5,637	5,831	5,683	5,827
Re-investment (calculated using all development costs during the year, works to existing properties and capitalised interest)	7.7	2.8	4.3	4.3	3.6	4.4	4.1	3.4
New supply delivered (social housing)	1.4	0.3	0.8	1.5	1.5	0.7	1.2	1.2
Gearing RSH - net housing properties cost	45.6	38.5	56.8	57.4	57.1	56.8	56.7	56.4
EBITDA MRI interest cover	121.7	143.5	115	85	112	119	126	130
Operating margin housing	20.4	25.2	23.8	23.2	27	27.4	28.2	28.9
Operating margin overall	18.5	22.9	23.3	22.1	26.3	27.2	27.8	28.6
Return on capital employed	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.6	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1